

POPULATION.

Population of
Victoria, 1836
to 1921.

According to manuscript notes made by Captain Lonsdale (afterwards the first Colonial Secretary of Victoria), the first enumeration of the people of this State was made within a year after the arrival of Batman (29th May, 1835) by an officer from Sydney, George Stewart, Esq., who came in the revenue cutter *Prince George* with orders from His Excellency Sir Richard Bourke to report upon the state of things in the new district. It was then found (25th May, 1836) that the band of first arrivals consisted of 142 males and 35 females, or, in all, 177 residents of European origin. This was the first official census of what was at that time known as Port Phillip. The settlers came from Tasmania and New South Wales. The second enumeration was made on the 8th November of the same year (1836) by order of Captain Lonsdale, who on the 29th of the previous September arrived in H.M.S. *Rattlesnake* (Captain Hobson), which anchored in that part of the port now called Hobson's Bay. Captain Lonsdale had been appointed police magistrate, with instructions to take general charge of the district. On the 5th October the *Stirlingshire* (brig) arrived with the remainder of the Government establishment, consisting of a detachment of Captain Lonsdale's regiment (the 4th), a principal officer of Customs, three surveyors, an officer in charge of commissariat stores, a small number of Crown prisoners for public service, and three constables. Notwithstanding these additions to the population, the census of the following month showed an increase of 47 persons only—making a total of 224 persons (186 males and 38 females). The third census was taken nearly two years later, in September, 1838, when it was ascertained that the number of inhabitants had increased to 3,511. At the end of 1840 it was estimated that the Port Phillip district contained 10,291 persons. During each of the years 1840 and 1841 the population doubled itself,

owing principally to the number of assisted immigrants who arrived in the district, and good progress continued to be made to the end of 1850, when the community numbered 76,162 persons. The discovery of gold in 1851, however, was the greatest factor in populating Victoria. When the discoveries were announced diggers came in thousands from New South Wales, South Australia, and Tasmania, and later on crowds of emigrants from the United Kingdom and other European countries joined in the rush. America contributed its quota, even Californians leaving their own gold-bearing country to try their fortunes in Australia. Some idea of this influx may be gathered from the official figures, which show that the population numbered 463,135 at the end of 1857, or more than six times that of 1850. During the decade 1861 to 1870 the population increased by 188,752, all but 39,000 of which was due to the excess of births over deaths. In the next decennial period, 1871 to 1880, there was an increase of 133,468, but this would have been nearly 13,000 greater if the arrivals in had equalled the departures from the colony. Between 1881 and 1890 an addition of 273,000 was made to the population, about 112,000 being due to immigration. The latter portion of this decennium is known as the "boom period," when land values were highly inflated, wages and prices were exceptionally high, and expenditure by the Government and the people generally was conducted in a most lavish manner. The inevitable reaction followed, and this is reflected in the records. The net migration from the State during the ten years following 1890 amounted to 109,000 persons, the increase of 64,000 in the total population being accounted for by the fact that the births exceeded the deaths by 173,000. Most of the emigrants left for Western Australia, where gold had been discovered in large quantities. In 1902-3 a year of unexampled drought was experienced, which was felt severely by Victoria as well as all the other Eastern States. From 1903 to 1913 the seasons were usually good, with the result that employment was plentiful and that the State was able not only to retain its own people but also to attract a considerable number of immigrants from other States and countries. In the year 1914 there was a severe drought, and the outbreak of war led to the despatch of a large number of men to places outside Australia. The increase in population was therefore retarded in that year. Although there were record harvests in 1915 and 1916

there was a decrease of population in both of these years on account of the departure of soldiers for the front, and the practical cessation of immigration. In 1917 and 1918 there were increases in spite of the fact that 20,633 soldiers left the State in the earlier and 4,532 in the later year to take part in the war. In 1919 there was a substantial addition to the population. The increases in the three years mentioned were entirely due to the return of soldiers to Victoria, the number who returned being 16,266 in 1917, 25,900 in 1918, and 77,468 in 1919. In the years 1920 and 1921 there were increases of 24,910 and 22,801 respectively, included in which were 3,474 soldiers in the earlier year, and about 4,000 assisted immigrants in the later year. The subjoined table contains a statement of the population in various years from 1836 to 1921 :—

ESTIMATED POPULATION OF VICTORIA, 1836 TO 1921.

Year.	Estimated Population, 31st December.			Estimated Mean Population.
	Males.	Females.	Total.	
1836 (25th May) ..	142	35	177	} 200
1836 (8th Novr.) ..	186	38	224	
1840 ..	7,254	3,037	10,291	8,056
1850 ..	45,495	30,667	76,162	71,191
1855 ..	234,450	129,874	364,324	338,315
1860 ..	328,251	209,596	537,847	534,055
1870 ..	398,755	327,844	726,599	713,195
1880 ..	451,456	408,611	860,067	850,343
1890 ..	596,064	537,202	1,133,266	1,118,500
1900 ..	602,487	594,719	1,197,206	1,193,338
1901 ..	608,436	601,464	1,209,900	1,203,137
1902 ..	604,318	603,913	1,208,231	1,207,527
1903 ..	599,950	604,792	1,204,742	1,205,296
1904 ..	597,617	607,991	1,205,608	1,202,814
1905 ..	598,134	612,287	1,210,421	1,206,046
1906 ..	600,856	618,976	1,219,832	1,213,672
1907 ..	605,775	627,032	1,232,807	1,225,503
1908 ..	614,937	635,512	1,250,449	1,240,488
1909 ..	631,021	646,001	1,277,022	1,261,169
1910 ..	646,482	654,926	1,301,408	1,282,477
1911 ..	668,810	671,105	1,339,915	1,320,661
1912 ..	690,037	692,574	1,382,611	1,357,864
1913 ..	707,414	708,096	1,415,510	1,395,958
1914 ..	713,267	722,049	1,435,316	1,427,626
1915 ..	694,160	730,433	1,424,593	1,431,769
1916 ..	666,186	738,645	1,404,831	1,414,638
1917 ..	671,008	746,231	1,417,239	1,411,555
1918 ..	684,167	753,266	1,437,433	1,424,238
1919 ..	739,872	763,369	1,503,241	1,473,209
1920 ..	753,710	774,441	1,528,151	1,512,317
1921 ..	764,810	786,142	1,550,952	1,537,263

The rates of increase in population in different years are given on page 298.

Population,
1921.

The elements of increase in the population of Victoria during 1921 are shown in the following table:—

ESTIMATED POPULATION OF VICTORIA, 31ST DECEMBER,
1921.

	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Estimated Population, 31st December, 1920.. ..	..	..	753,710	774,441	1,528,151
Births, 1921	18,288	17,303	..	..	..
Deaths, 1921	8,662	7,503	..	..	..
Natural Increase .. ..	..	..	9,626	9,800	19,426
Migration by Sea, 1921—					
Arrivals (as adjusted)	36,665	30,104	..	..	..
Departures (as adjusted)	36,060	28,379	..	..	..
Gain Seawards .. ..	..	..	605	1,725	2,330
Migration by Land, 1921—					
Arrivals	170,268	88,177	..	..	..
Departures (as adjusted)	169,399	88,001	..	..	..
Gain Overland .. ..	..	..	869	176	1,045
Estimated Population, 31st December, 1921.. ..	..	..	764,810	786,142	1,550,952
Full-blooded aborigines at the date of the 1921 census, not included in the estimate .. ..	..	..	80	64	144

Increase of
Population,
1891-1921.

The population of Victoria on 5th April, 1891, when the census of that year was taken, was 1,140,405; in 1901 it was 1,201,341; in 1911, 1,315,551; and, in 1921, 1,531,280. The table which follows shows the increase of

population by excess of births over deaths, and the loss by emigration in each year since the first-mentioned date :—

INCREASE OF POPULATION BY EXCESS OF BIRTHS OVER DEATHS, AND LOSS BY EMIGRATION, 1891 TO 1921.

Year.	Natural Increase (i.e., Excess of Births over Deaths).	Loss by Emigration.	Net Increase.
1891 (from 5th April, Census) ..	15,859	+ 1,414	17,273
1892	21,980	11,058	10,922
1893	20,044	12,484	7,560
1894	18,828	12,698	6,130
1895	18,070	14,410	3,660
1896	16,464	22,134	- 5,670
1897	16,184	13,754	2,430
1898	11,477	11,127	350
1899	14,430	8,020	6,410
1900	15,564	7,828	7,736
1901 (to 31st March, Census) ..	3,613	+ 251	3,864
Total Intercensal period (10 years)..	172,513	111,848	60,665
1901 (from 1st April)	11,491	2,661	8,830
1902	14,284	15,953	- 1,669
1903	13,974	17,463	- 3,489
1904	15,370	14,504	866
1905	15,431	10,618	4,813
1906	15,607	6,196	9,411
1907	16,826	3,851	12,975
1908	15,331	+ 2,311	17,642
1909	17,108	+ 9,465	26,573
1910	16,705	+ 7,681	24,386
1911 (to 2nd April, Census) ..	4,694	+ 9,449	14,143
Total Intercensal period (10 years)..	156,821	42,340	114,481
1911 (from 3rd April)	13,116	+ 11,248	24,364
1912	19,207	+ 23,489	42,696
1913	20,496	+ 12,403	32,899
1914	19,719	+ 87	19,806
1915	19,186	29,909	- 10,723
1916	17,746	37,508	- 19,762
1917	18,478	6,070	12,408
1918	16,420	+ 3,774	20,194
1919	12,249	+ 53,559	65,808
1920	19,381	+ 5,529	24,910
1921 (to 4th April, Census) ..	4,634	1,505	3,129
Total Intercensal period (10 years)	180,632	+ 35,097	215,729
Total (30 years)	509,966	119,091	390,875

NOTE.—The plus sign (+) indicates that the arrivals in exceeded the departures from the State by the number against which it is placed.

**Emigration to
Western
Australia.**

It will be seen that Victoria has since 1891 suffered a serious loss by emigration. The State which has been by far the greatest gainer is Western Australia. In the *Year-Book* for 1915-16 the arrivals from and departures to that State are shown for the years 1891 to 1915 inclusive. Since 1905 the arrivals from Western Australia have exceeded the departures thereto in each year except three, when there was a small excess of departures. The net seaward migration for each of the last five years is given on page 280.

**Emigration to
South Africa.**

There was a large migration between South Africa and Victoria for some years, which, during the period 1895-1903, resulted in a loss to Victoria of 10,002 of her population. During the five years ended 1908 and in 1913, 1914, 1917, and 1918 this State gained from South Africa, but in the four years 1909 to 1912 and in 1915, 1916, 1919, 1920, and 1921 there was a loss due to emigration to that colony. Details of migration to and from South Africa are given in the *Year-Book* for 1910-11, and, for the last five years, on page 280 of this volume.

**Immigration
and
emigration,
1917-1921.**

The following table shows the total migration by sea to and from Victoria during the five years 1917 to 1921 :—

RECORDED IMMIGRATION AND EMIGRATION BY SEA,
1917 TO 1921.

Year.	Immigrants.	Emigrants.	Excess of Immigrants.
1917	58,976	58,774	202
1918	48,566	51,631	- 3,065
1919	33,621	37,099	- 3,478
1920	65,595	59,956	5,639
1921	66,537	63,944	2,593

NOTE.—The figures in this table are exclusive of members of the Australian Expeditionary Forces.

Migration of Soldiers.

The number of soldiers belonging to the Australian Expeditionary Forces who arrived in Victoria from or left the State for oversea countries from the commencement of the war to the 31st December, 1920, is shown hereunder :—

SOLDIERS FROM VICTORIA WHO LEFT FOR AND ARRIVED FROM THE FRONT, 1914 TO 1920.

Year.	Arrivals by Sea.			Departures by Sea.		
	Males.	Females (Nurses).	Total.	Males.	Females (Nurses).	Total.
1914 .. ..	..	..	..	15,355	46	15,401
1915	5,252	47	5,299	36,474	327	36,801
1916	8,158	136	8,294	49,094	319	49,413
1917	16,184	82	16,266	20,065	368	20,433
1918	25,647	253	25,900	4,425	107	4,532
1919	76,885	583	77,468	125	12	137
1920	3,387	87	3,474	..	..	..
Total ..	135,513	1,188	136,701	125,538	1,179	126,717

The above figures include departures for and arrivals from the front a second time of soldiers who had been in Australia on furlough.

Arrivals and departures by rail, 1917 to 1921. The Inter-State railway passenger traffic, as well as the seaward traffic, is taken into account in framing estimates of population. The effect of the railway traffic during the past five years is shown in the following return :—

RECORDED MIGRATION BY RAIL, 1917 TO 1921.

Year.	Arrivals.			Departures.			Excess of Arrivals.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1917	148,313	72,920	221,233	148,050	74,583	222,633	263	1,663	1,400
1918	169,499	92,269	261,768	181,654	93,931	275,585	— 12,155	1,662	— 13,817
1919	139,473	66,313	205,786	158,853	66,446	225,299	— 19,380	— 133	— 19,513
1920	184,554	95,084	279,638	184,233	98,099	282,332	321	3,015	2,694
1921	170,268	88,177	258,445	168,224	88,571	256,795	2,044	— 394	1,650
Total	812,107	414,763	1,226,870	841,014	421,630	1,262,644	— 28,907	— 6,867	— 35,774

Since the beginning of 1913 a systematic count has been made of the passengers who travel by rail between the States of Victoria, New South Wales, Queensland, and South Australia.

During 1921 Victoria lost by rail 811 persons to New South Wales, but gained 2,461 from South Australia.

Gain by immigration from various countries and vice versa. The net result of the recorded immigration and emigration by sea between Victoria and the neighbouring States, the United Kingdom, and foreign countries (exclusive of soldiers) during each of the five years ended 1921 is shown

in the following table. Where a minus sign (-) appears, it indicates that the emigrants exceeded the immigrants by the number against which it is placed :-

RECORDED NET IMMIGRATION TO VICTORIA BY SEA,
1917 TO 1921.

Year.	Excess of Immigration over Emigration between Victoria and—										Crews of Vessels.	Net Immigration.	
	New South Wales.	Queensland.	South Australia.	Western Australia.	Tasmania.	New Zealand.	South Africa.	United Kingdom.	Other British Dominions.	United States.			Other Foreign Ports.
1917	-1,662	- 725	-264	1,443	1,057	-190	80	190	237	7	48	19	202
1918	-1,605	- 669	- 29	694	-2,059	-157	73	525	538	2	55	319	-3,065
1919	-1,196	- 181	-549	-163	-3,618	393	-215	2,456	-313	1	34	-127	-3,478
1920	- 454	- 681	115	326	- 33	-373	- 97	6,873	-167	2	137	9	5,639
1921	- 158	- 649	9	175	-2,228	413	-163	5,876	- 8	10	105	- 789	2,593
Total	-5,075	-2,905	-718	2,475	-6,881	86	-322	15,920	287	18	269	-1,263	1,891

The net result of the seaward migration for the five years has been an increase to Victoria of 1,891 persons, the principal gains being from the United Kingdom, Western Australia, and Other British Dominions. New South Wales, Queensland, South Australia, and Tasmania, on the other hand, attracted persons from this State during that period.

The number of persons who have been assisted to come to Victoria from the foundation of the State to the end of 1921 will be found in the next table :-

STATE-ASSISTED IMMIGRATION TO VICTORIA TO THE END
OF 1921.

Period.	Number of State-assisted Immigrants.	Period.	Number of State-assisted Immigrants.
1838-50	28,632	1910	1,690
1851-60	87,963	1911	6,776
1861-70	46,594	1912	15,119
1871-80	5,545	1913	12,146
1881-90	2	1914	7,496
1891-00 .. ..	..	1915	1,724
1901 .. ..	..	1916	327
1902 .. ..	..	1917	146
1903 .. ..	..	1918	101
1904 .. ..	..	1919	139
1905 .. ..	..	1920	2,763
1906 .. ..	..	1921	3,987
1907	127		
1908	360		
1909	652		
		Total	222,289

In 1921 the immigrants assisted by the Government numbered 3,987, of whom 2,260 were nominated. Of the immigrants, 1,633 were married. The sex distribution of the State-assisted immigrants was—males, 2,312; and females, 1,675.

Upon the outbreak of war in August, 1914, instructions were issued by the Victorian Government that no men who were within the limits of the recruiting ages should be accepted for assisted passages by its representatives in England. Partly for this reason and partly because of the existence of prosperous conditions in Great Britain the number of assisted immigrants to Victoria declined during the years 1915 to 1919.

A statement of the arrangements which have been made for assisting immigrants to come to Victoria is given in a later portion of this volume under the heading "Immigration, Intelligence, and Labour Bureau."

CENSUS OF 1921.

A census of Australia was taken on 4th April, 1921, under the general superintendence of the Commonwealth Statistician. The officer in charge of the collection in each State was the Commonwealth electoral officer for that State with the designation of deputy supervisor of census. Under him an enumerator was in charge of each Commonwealth electoral division, and under each enumerator there was a sub-enumerator in respect of each electoral subdivision or a group of subdivisions. In all cases the position of enumerator was filled by the divisional returning officer. Each subdivision was further cut up into collectors' districts for the actual work of collection. The collecting organizations for the States comprised six deputy supervisors, 75 enumerators, and about 1,100 sub-enumerators, and 7,000 collectors.

A deputy supervisor was appointed for each of the Territories, viz., Northern Territory, Federal Territory, Norfolk Island, and Papua, and for the late German New Guinea. In these cases the collectors worked under the immediate direction of the deputy supervisor.

Census
Population of
Municipalities.

The following statement shows the population and number of dwellings in each of the municipalities of the State at the census of 4th April, 1921:—

POPULATION AND DWELLINGS IN EACH LOCAL
GOVERNMENT AREA IN VICTORIA AS AT
THE CENSUS OF 4TH APRIL, 1921.

Local Government Area.	Population.			Dwellings.		
	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Built.	Being Built.	Total.
<i>Cities, Towns, and Boroughs.</i>						
Ararat	2,306	2,347	4,653	857	2	859
Ballarat	9,359	11,856	21,215	4,950	12	4,962
Ballarat East	6,194	7,258	13,452	3,308	3	3,311
Bendigo	11,755	13,927	25,682	5,970	15	5,985
Brighton	9,491	11,744	21,235	4,620	59	4,679
Brunswick	21,339	23,145	44,484	9,685	91	9,776
Camberwell	10,703	13,132	23,835	5,729	124	5,853
Carrum	2,490	2,735	5,225	1,850	17	1,867
Castlemaine	2,509	2,822	5,331	1,249	1	1,250
Caulfield	18,667	22,026	40,693	9,672	162	9,834
Clunes	510	715	1,225	354	1	355
Coburg	8,952	9,162	18,114	3,857	40	3,897
Collingwood	15,956	18,283	34,239	7,564	1	7,565
Creswick	764	906	1,670	429	..	429
Daylesford	1,468	1,860	3,328	771	..	771
Dunolly	405	448	853	242	..	242
Eaglehawk	2,134	2,585	4,719	1,171	..	1,171
Echuca	1,836	1,909	3,745	859	1	860
Essendon	16,525	18,744	35,269	8,050	36	8,086
Fitzroy	16,311	18,627	34,938	7,708	4	7,712
Footscray	16,785	16,990	33,775	7,147	46	7,193
Geelong	6,850	7,955	14,805	3,245	2	3,247
Geelong West	4,518	5,123	9,641	2,221	10	2,231
Hamilton	2,406	2,691	5,097	1,155	2	1,157
Hawthorn	12,870	16,295	29,165	6,563	29	6,592
Horsham	1,805	1,985	3,790	833	12	845
Inglewood	517	600	1,117	289	..	289
Kew	7,711	9,671	17,382	3,650	57	3,707
Koroit	856	904	1,760	364	..	364
Malvern	14,054	18,252	32,306	7,626	127	7,753
Maryborough	2,216	2,528	4,744	1,172	2	1,174
Melbourne	51,084	52,167	103,251	21,533	22	21,555
Melbourne South	22,167	24,706	46,873	10,153	16	10,169
Mentone and Mordialloc	2,629	3,045	5,674	1,361	7	1,368
Mildura	2,665	2,436	5,101	1,064	16	1,080
Newtown and Chilwell	3,312	3,928	7,240	1,596	5	1,601
Northcote	14,694	15,825	30,519	6,841	112	6,953
Oakleigh	2,932	3,144	6,076	1,366	17	1,383
Port Fairy	983	1,005	1,988	435	..	435

Population.

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POPULATION AND DWELLINGS IN EACH LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA IN VICTORIA AS AT THE CENSUS OF 4TH APRIL, 1921—*continued.*

Local Government Area.	Population.			Dwellings.		
	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Built.	Being Built.	Total.
<i>Cities, Towns, and Boroughs—continued.</i>						
Portland	1,135	1,420	2,555	561	2	563
Port Melbourne	6,495	6,594	13,089	2,806	2	2,808
Prahran	21,706	28,584	50,290	11,479	18	11,497
Queenscliff	1,102	1,384	2,486	502	..	502
Richmond	20,606	22,565	43,171	9,505	6	9,511
Sale	1,766	2,003	3,769	824	6	830
Sandringham	5,142	6,174	11,316	2,761	63	2,824
Sebastopol	867	875	1,742	420	..	420
St. Arnaud	1,214	1,507	2,721	638	2	640
St. Kilda	16,736	21,843	38,579	8,307	64	8,371
Stawell	2,041	2,372	4,413	1,046	1	1,047
Wangaratta	1,769	1,920	3,689	751	4	755
Warrnambool	3,718	4,012	7,730	1,655	4	1,659
Williamstown	9,916	9,526	19,442	4,335	30	4,365
Wonthaggi	2,809	2,361	5,170	1,045	19	1,064
Total—Cities, Towns, and Boroughs	427,750	486,621	914,371	204,144	1,272	205,416
<i>Shires.</i>						
Alberton	3,114	2,508	5,622	1,339	5	1,344
Alexandra	1,890	1,464	3,354	920	1	921
Arapiles	1,198	1,126	2,324	480	..	480
Ararat	3,162	2,793	5,955	1,349	1	1,350
Avoca	1,658	1,649	3,307	818	4	822
Avon	1,287	1,097	2,384	543	3	546
Bacchus Marsh	1,738	1,561	3,299	675	9	684
Bairnsdale	3,888	3,831	7,719	1,794	3	1,797
Ballan	1,603	1,477	3,080	798	1	799
Ballarat	1,894	2,059	3,953	733	4	737
Bannockburn	1,345	1,244	2,589	633	..	633
Barrabool	968	843	1,811	411	..	411
Barwon South	1,529	1,639	3,168	857	1	858
Beechworth	2,358	2,293	4,651	1,014	1	1,015
Belfast	1,322	1,166	2,488	524	..	524
Bellarine	2,040	1,969	4,009	969	4	973
Benalla	3,895	3,692	7,587	1,771	3	1,774
Berwick	4,832	4,119	8,951	2,156	10	2,166
Bet Bet	1,424	1,255	2,679	698	1	699
Birchip	1,014	836	1,850	395	2	397
Borong	2,532	2,219	4,751	1,056	2	1,058
Braybrook	2,335	2,096	4,431	944	75	1,019
Bright	2,044	1,958	4,002	1,000	..	1,000
Broadford	710	622	1,332	347	1	348

POPULATION AND DWELLINGS IN EACH LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA IN
VICTORIA AS AT THE CENSUS OF 4TH APRIL, 1921—*continued.*

Local Government Area.	Population.			Dwellings.		
	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Built.	Being Built.	Total.
<i>Shires—continued.</i>						
Broadmeadows ..	3,626	1,804	5,430	820	7	827
Bulla	1,264	1,337	2,601	370	..	370
Bulu Bulu	3,264	2,618	5,882	1,472	..	1,472
Bungaree	1,528	1,490	3,018	717	..	717
Buninyong	2,637	2,427	5,064	1,225	3	1,228
Charlton	1,325	1,140	2,465	535	..	535
Chiltern	1,063	1,077	2,140	536	..	536
Colac	6,248	5,851	12,099	2,662	23	2,685
Corio	2,256	1,685	3,941	766	8	774
Cranbourne	3,219	2,462	5,681	1,403	10	1,413
Creswick	1,505	1,539	3,044	774	..	774
Dandenong	3,439	3,441	6,880	1,583	27	1,610
Deakin	2,163	1,761	3,924	926	2	928
Dimboola	3,370	2,899	6,269	1,256	4	1,260
Donald	1,727	1,513	3,240	709	..	709
Doncaster	1,342	1,242	2,584	670	3	673
Dundas	1,788	1,699	3,487	794	1	795
Dunmunkle	2,486	2,097	4,583	982	2	984
Eltham	2,092	1,981	4,073	1,104	1	1,105
Euroa	1,994	1,914	3,908	898	1	899
Fernree Gully	3,372	3,632	7,004	2,255	37	2,292
Flinders	2,505	2,250	4,755	1,237	3	1,240
Frankston and Hastings ..	2,299	2,347	4,646	1,431	2	1,433
Gippsland South	2,615	2,058	4,673	1,037	1	1,038
Gisborne	1,089	1,286	2,375	564	..	564
Glenelg	2,815	2,664	5,479	1,235	4	1,239
Glenlyon	1,638	1,783	3,421	847	2	849
Gordon	1,717	1,433	3,150	708	1	709
Goulburn	1,145	1,001	2,146	506	1	507
Grenville	1,557	1,565	3,122	803	..	803
Hampden	5,370	5,133	10,503	2,282	6	2,288
Healesville	1,550	1,864	3,414	710	5	715
Heidelberg	7,942	8,674	16,616	3,420	43	3,463
Heytesbury	2,326	2,123	4,449	961	1	962
Huntly	1,696	1,402	3,098	767	1	768
Kara Kara	1,649	1,392	3,041	709	4	713
Karkaroc	3,139	2,354	5,493	1,210	5	1,215
Keilor	663	528	1,191	265	..	265
Kerang	5,697	4,779	10,476	2,353	12	2,365
Kilmore	942	848	1,790	431	..	431
Korong	2,611	2,262	4,873	1,141	2	1,143
Kowree	1,748	1,550	3,298	792	2	794
Kyneton	3,341	3,630	6,971	1,705	4	1,709
Lawloit	1,150	1,016	2,166	443	..	443
Leigh	807	716	1,523	387	..	387

POPULATION AND DWELLINGS IN EACH LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA IN VICTORIA AS AT THE CENSUS OF 4TH APRIL, 1921—continued.

Local Government Area.	Population.			Dwellings.		
	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Built.	Being Built.	Total.
<i>Shires—continued.</i>						
Lexton	894	729	1,623	414	..	414
Lilydale	4,651	4,758	9,409	2,463	35	2,498
Loddon East	971	800	1,771	407	..	407
Lowan	1,906	1,722	3,628	772	..	772
Maffra	3,082	2,571	5,653	1,282	9	1,291
Maldon	1,508	1,630	3,138	764	..	764
Mansfield	2,119	1,874	3,993	980	2	982
Marong	3,053	2,822	5,875	1,342	1	1,343
Melton	786	644	1,430	341	..	341
Metcalfe	1,350	1,323	2,673	647	1	648
Mildura	4,891	3,189	8,080	2,189	9	2,198
Minhamite	1,017	863	1,880	468	24	492
Mirboo	892	646	1,538	367	..	367
Moorabbin	3,786	3,657	7,443	1,499	19	1,518
Mornington	987	1,215	2,202	588	2	590
Mortlake	1,497	1,414	2,911	697	4	701
Morwell	2,105	1,580	3,685	969	1	970
Mt. Rouse	1,361	1,348	2,709	597	..	597
Mulgrave	1,600	1,610	3,210	714	3	717
Murray Upper	1,169	942	2,111	460	1	461
McIvor	1,744	1,590	3,334	811	..	811
Narracan	3,810	3,110	6,920	1,671	3	1,674
Newham and Woodend ..	984	1,108	2,092	481	..	481
Newstead and Mt. Alexander	1,356	1,344	2,700	733	..	733
Numurkah	3,000	2,765	5,765	1,327	..	1,327
Nunawading	6,238	6,393	12,631	2,855	52	2,907
Omeo	1,303	1,065	2,368	665	2	667
Orbost	2,204	1,624	3,828	999	1	1,000
Otway	2,339	1,701	4,040	997	4	1,001
Oxley	2,172	1,776	3,948	864	1	865
Phillip Island and Woolamai	2,721	2,379	5,100	1,111	2	1,113
Poowong and Jeetho	3,891	3,286	7,177	1,657	4	1,661
Portland	2,742	2,525	5,267	1,260	3	1,263
Preston	4,717	4,953	9,670	2,102	86	2,188
Pyalong	370	331	701	189	..	189
Ripon	1,730	1,700	3,430	803	..	803
Rochester	3,397	2,889	6,286	1,399	7	1,406
Rodney	3,913	3,481	7,394	1,642	7	1,649
Romsey	1,690	1,503	3,193	800	..	800
Rosedale	2,260	1,920	4,180	1,002	4	1,006
*Rutherglen	2,086	1,859	3,945	885	..	885
Seymour	2,028	1,778	3,806	870	2	872

*The borough of Rutherglen has recently been amalgamated with the shire, and the figures which are given above relate to the municipality in its altered form. In Census publications the population of the borough is shown as Males 572, Females 588—Total 1,160; and that of the shire as Males 1,514, Females 1,271—Total 2,785.

POPULATION AND DWELLINGS IN EACH LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA IN
VICTORIA AS AT THE CENSUS OF 4TH APRIL, 1921—*continued.*

Local Government Area.	Population.			Dwellings.		
	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Built.	Being Built.	Total.
<i>Shires—continued.</i>						
Shepparton	4,019	3,692	7,711	1,685	5	1,690
Stawell	1,840	1,510	3,350	802	..	802
Strathfieldsaye	1,687	1,687	3,374	788	..	788
Swan Hill	6,723	4,830	11,553	2,721	16	2,737
Talbot	646	736	1,382	388	..	388
Tambo	2,235	1,993	4,228	929	1	930
Towong	2,412	1,915	4,327	1,008	2	1,010
Traralgon	1,729	1,609	3,338	791	4	795
Tullaroop	1,314	1,264	2,578	637	..	637
Tungamah	2,402	2,098	4,500	1,030	2	1,032
Upper Yarra	3,017	2,512	5,529	1,308	10	1,318
Violet Town	960	924	1,884	461	2	463
Walpeup	3,278	2,195	5,473	1,199	5	1,204
Wangaratta	1,268	1,117	2,385	525	..	525
Wannon	1,519	1,322	2,841	636	3	639
Waranga	2,909	2,462	5,371	1,321	2	1,323
Warragul	2,543	2,412	4,955	1,048	4	1,052
Warrnambool	4,256	3,978	8,234	1,760	..	1,760
Werribee	3,737	3,299	7,036	1,559	7	1,566
Whittlesea	1,835	1,645	3,480	788	..	788
Wimmera	2,346	1,810	4,156	870	2	872
Winchelsea	2,247	2,061	4,308	980	1	981
Wodonga	1,368	1,185	2,553	608	7	615
Woorayl	3,311	2,656	5,967	1,358	4	1,362
Wycheproof	2,428	1,785	4,213	1,000	..	1,000
Yackandandah	1,515	1,412	2,927	677	2	679
Yarrawonga	1,354	1,265	2,619	611	..	611
Yea	1,488	1,208	2,696	646	10	656
Total—Shires	322,205	288,782	610,987	141,842	737	142,579
SUMMARY.						
Cities, Towns and Boroughs	427,750	486,621	914,371	204,144	1,272	205,416
Shires	322,205	288,782	610,987	141,842	737	142,579
Not Incorporated	106	68	174	64	..	64
Whole State	750,061	775,471	1,525,532	346,050	2,009	348,059
Shipping	4,663	1,085	5,748	..	..	..
Total Population	754,724	776,556	1,531,280	346,050	2,009	348,059

The conjugal condition of the people, as ascertained at the census of 1921, is shown in the following table:—

CONJUGAL CONDITION OF THE PEOPLE, 4TH APRIL,
1921.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Never married—			
Under age 15 years	231,086	224,850	455,936
Age 15 years and over	222,177	211,833	434,010
Married	277,183	282,494	559,677
Widowed	21,279	54,928	76,207
Divorced	1,092	1,221	2,313
Unspecified	1,907	1,230	3,137
Total	754,724	776,556	1,531,280

Occupations
of the People,
1911 and
1921.

The number of breadwinners in each class of occupation at the last two censuses, and of the persons dependent on them, are shown hereunder:—

OCCUPATIONS OF THE PEOPLE OF VICTORIA, AS RETURNED
AT THE CENSUSES OF 1911 AND 1921.

Occupation.	1911.	1921.
Breadwinners—		
Professional	43,819	60,585
Domestic	62,175	58,225
Commercial	91,611	108,011
Transport and Communication	39,238	53,332
Industrial	187,773	234,245
Primary Producers	144,384	147,438
Indefinite	8,053	7,617
Total Breadwinners	577,053	669,453
Dependents	721,137	856,379
Occupation not stated	17,361	5,448
Total	1,315,551	1,531,280

Ages of the people.

The following table shows the ages of the people at the dates of the censuses of 1901, 1911 and 1921, and the proportionate numbers living in successive age groups:—

AGES OF THE PEOPLE AT CENSUSES, 1901, 1911, AND 1921.

Age Group (Years).	1901.		1911.		1921.	
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
0-5 ..	66,807	65,179	73,061	70,417	79,210	76,426
5-10 ..	72,052	70,493	65,615	63,904	79,452	77,680
10-15 ..	67,389	66,640	63,586	62,523	72,424	70,744
15-20 ..	58,896	59,717	67,804	67,719	66,020	64,589
20-25 ..	50,593	57,632	61,895	65,217	62,096	67,503
25-30 ..	45,469	52,832	51,955	55,651	62,845	69,647
30-35 ..	46,635	48,156	44,928	48,694	59,244	63,439
35-40 ..	46,723	43,390	41,308	44,549	50,696	53,790
40-45 ..	37,118	33,551	42,512	42,480	44,885	47,914
45-50 ..	24,137	21,810	41,015	38,477	39,556	42,378
50-55 ..	18,348	17,601	31,866	29,420	40,174	40,391
55-60 ..	15,351	15,157	19,486	18,457	35,923	34,841
60-65 ..	14,979	14,292	13,834	14,316	26,660	27,016
65-70 ..	16,080	13,843	11,432	12,603	15,054	15,717
70-75 ..	11,781	8,360	9,415	9,972	9,035	10,204
75-80 ..	5,733	4,231	7,275	6,934	5,415	6,826
80-85 ..	2,453	2,065	3,903	3,387	2,991	3,831
85-90 ..	603	587	1,133	1,129	1,336	1,672
90-100 ..	160	152	301	321	404	567
100 and over ..	12	11	8	10	9	8
Unspecified ..	2,564	1,759	3,259	3,780	1,295	1,373
Total ..	603,883	597,458	655,591	659,960	754,724	776,556

AGES OF THE PEOPLE AT CENSUSES, 1901, 1911, AND 1921—*continued.*

Age Group (Years).	1901.		1911.		1921.	
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
PROPORTIONS PER CENT.						
0-5 ..	11.11	10.94	11.20	10.73	10.51	9.86
5-10 ..	11.98	11.83	10.06	9.74	10.55	10.02
10-15 ..	11.21	11.19	9.74	9.53	9.61	9.13
15-20 ..	9.80	10.03	10.40	10.32	8.76	8.33
20-25 ..	8.41	9.68	9.48	9.94	8.24	8.71
25-30 ..	7.56	8.87	7.96	8.48	8.34	8.98
30-35 ..	7.76	8.08	6.89	7.42	7.86	8.18
35-40 ..	7.77	7.28	6.33	6.79	6.73	6.94
40-45 ..	6.17	5.63	6.52	6.47	5.96	6.18
45-50 ..	4.02	3.66	6.29	5.87	5.25	5.47
50-55 ..	3.05	2.96	4.89	4.48	5.33	5.21
55-60 ..	2.55	2.54	2.99	2.81	4.77	4.49
60-65 ..	2.49	2.40	2.12	2.18	3.54	3.49
65-70 ..	2.67	2.32	1.75	1.92	2.00	2.03
70-75 ..	1.96	1.40	1.44	1.52	1.20	1.32
75-80 ..	.95	.71	1.11	1.06	.72	.88
80-85 ..	.41	.35	.60	.52	.40	.49
85-90 ..	.10	.10	.18	.17	.18	.22
90 and over ..	.03	.03	.05	.05	.05	.07
Specified Ages	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

Persons at
dependent
and support-
ing ages.

By adopting larger groups a clearer idea is obtained of the age distribution of the population at the three census periods. The subjoined table shows the numbers and

proportions of males and females at ages 0-15, 15-45, 45-65 and 65 and upwards. Persons of unspecified ages have been omitted :—

NUMBER OF PERSONS AT DEPENDENT AND SUPPORTING AGES IN VICTORIA AT THREE CENSUS ENUMERATIONS.

Census Year.	Number of Persons at—							
	Dependent Ages (under 15 years).		Supporting Ages.				Old Age (65 years and upwards).	
			15 to 45 years.		45 to 65 years.			
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
1901	206,248	202,312	285,434	295,278	72,815	68,860	36,822	29,249
1911	202,262	196,844	310,402	324,310	106,201	100,670	33,467	34,356
1921	231,086	224,850	345,786	366,882	142,313	144,626	34,244	38,825
	Proportions per cent.							
1901	34·30	33·96	47·47	49·57	12·11	11·56	6·12	4·91
1911	31·00	30·00	47·59	49·42	16·28	15·34	5·13	5·24
1921	30·67	29·00	45·89	47·33	18·89	18·66	4·55	5·01

Australian Born and other Population in State.

wealth :—

The next table shows the length of residence in Australia, at the date of the census of 1921, of persons included in the population of the State who were born outside the Common-

POPULATION OF VICTORIA AT THE CENSUS OF 4TH APRIL, 1921, CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO LENGTH OF RESIDENCE IN AUSTRALIA.

No. of Completed Years of Residence.	Enumerated Population.			No. of Completed Years of Residence.	Enumerated Population.		
	Males.	Females.	Persons.		Males.	Females.	Persons.
0 to 1 ..	8,559	9,588	18,147	90 and upwards	3	12	15
2 " 4 ..	1,889	1,595	2,984	Not stated ..	3,666	4,205	7,871
5 " 9 ..	24,576	20,039	44,615	Total ..	108,603	92,349	200,952
10 " 19 ..	12,586	7,338	19,924	Born in Com-wealth ..	646,121	684,207	1,330,328
20 " 39 ..	29,898	19,232	49,130	Grand Total	754,724	776,556	1,531,280
40 " 59 ..	17,226	16,034	33,260				
60 " 79 ..	10,570	14,080	24,650				
80 " 89 ..	130	226	356				

There were 17 persons—9 males and 8 females—aged 100 years and upwards in Victoria when the 1921 census was taken.

Centenarians
in Victoria.

In the following return the persons and dwellings to the square mile, persons and rooms to a dwelling, and persons to a room are shown for the seven census years 1861–1921 :—

Density of
population, &c.

DENSITY OF POPULATION.—RETURN FOR SEVEN CENSUS YEARS.

Year of Census.	Persons to the Square Mile (exclusive of Persons in Ships).	Inhabited Dwellings to the Square Mile.	Persons to the Inhabited Dwelling (exclusive of Persons in Ships).	Rooms to an Inhabited Dwelling.	Persons to a Room.
1861 ..	6·126	1·470	4·16	2·96	1·39
1871 ..	8·298	1·714	4·84	3·88	1·24
1881 ..	9·791	1·935	5·06	4·43	1·14
1891 ..	12·948	2·549	5·08	5·09	1·00
1901 ..	13·643	2·747	4·97	5·38	·93
1911 ..	14·915	3·103	4·80	5·51	·87
1921* ..	17·360	3·766	4·61	..	..

The population returned at the census of 1921 represents a proportion of 17·4 persons to the square mile. In 1911 the proportion was 14·9; in 1901, 13·6; in 1891, 12·9; in 1881, 9·8; in 1871, 8·3; and in 1861, 6·1. There were 461 persons to every 100 inhabited dwellings in 1921, a number smaller than in any of the five preceding census years, but greater than in 1861.

BIRTHPLACES OF THE PEOPLE OF VICTORIA, 1921.

Birthplaces
of the people,
1921.

The census of 1921 gave the birthplaces of the people as follows:—

Birthplaces.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Commonwealth of Australia	646,121	684,207	1,330,328
New Zealand	5,451	5,740	11,191
British Isles	83,597	77,283	160,880
British India	1,003	536	1,539
Union of South Africa	817	849	1,666
Canada	519	339	858
Denmark	835	200	1,035
Germany	2,463	1,230	3,693
France	394	352	746
Italy	1,421	447	1,868
Sweden	1,020	95	1,115
Norway	636	92	728
Russia	600	342	942
Greece	504	54	558
United States	952	641	1,593
China	2,740	84	2,824
Japan	52	20	72
Switzerland	326	122	448
Other Countries	2,729	1,515	4,244
At Sea	524	587	1,111
Unspecified	2,020	1,821	3,841
Total	754,724	776,556	1,531,280
Allegiance—			
British	747,459	774,525	1,521,984
Foreign	7,265	2,031	9,296

Australian born.

The residents of Victoria at the date of the Census who were born in the Commonwealth of Australia numbered 1,330,328 or 87 per cent. of the total population. The number born in Australia or New Zealand was 1,341,519, the ratio to population being 88 per cent. The corresponding ratios in 1911 and 1901 were 85 per cent. and 79 per cent. respectively.

The number of persons in the State in 1921 who were born in countries outside the British dominions was 19,486, or 1·3 per cent. of the population. This is a decrease as compared with 1911, when they numbered 21,252, or 1·6 per cent. of the population.

In the interval between the censuses of 1911 and 1921 natives of China decreased from 4,302 to 2,824. These figures, however, do not represent all the Chinese in the State, as there are persons of this race born in places outside of China who are resident in Victoria. The total number of the Chinese race in Victoria (including Chinese born in Australia) was 5,601 in 1911 and 4,083 in 1921.

The enumerated population at each of the last seven censuses and the decennial increases, numerical and centesimal, were as shown hereunder :—

POPULATION OF VICTORIA (INCLUDING ABORIGINES) AT SEVEN CENSUS PERIODS.

Year of Census.	Both Sexes.			Males.			Females.		
	Population.	Increase since last Census.		Population.	Increase since last Census.		Population.	Increase since last Census.	
		Numerical.	Centesimal.		Numerical.	Centesimal.		Numerical.	Centesimal.
1861	540,322	129,556	31·54	328,651	64,317	24·33	211,671	65,239	44·55
1871	731,528	191,206	35·39	401,050	72,399	22·03	330,478	118,807	56·13
1881	862,346	130,818	17·88	452,083	51,033	12·72	410,263	79,785	24·14
1891	1,140,405	278,059	32·24	598,414	146,331	32·37	541,991	131,728	32·11
1901	1,201,341	60,936	5·34	603,883	5,469	·91	597,458	55,467	10·23
1911	1,315,747	114,406	9·52	655,694	51,811	8·58	660,053	62,595	10·48
1921	1,531,424	215,677	16·39	754,804	99,110	15·12	776,620	116,567	17·66

NOTE.—The figures in this table include full-blooded aboriginals. *These numbered 144 in 1921, viz., 80 males and 64 females.

The increase in population between the censuses of 1911 and 1921, viz., 215,677, was larger than in any intercensal period subsequent to 1851, with the exception of the decennium 1881-1891, when it was 278,059 persons.

The masculinity of the population, or the ratio of males to females, at each of the last seven census enumerations, was as follows :—

Year.	Males to 100 Females.
1861	155·26
1871	121·36
1881	110·19
1891	110·41
1901	101·08
1911	99·34
1921	97·19

The number of males to every 100 females in age-groups at the date of the 1921 census were as follows:—Age-group 0-10, 103·0; 10-20, 102·3; 20-40, 92·5; 40-60, 97·0; 60-80, 94·0; and 80 and over, 78·0. The ratios for certain age groups in the census years 1891, 1901, and 1911 are given in the *Year-Book* for 1915-16, also the proportions existing between males and females at the census of 1911 in other parts of Australasia and England and Wales.

Population of Greater Melbourne, 1921. The following table shows the area in acres and the enumerated population at the census of 1921 of the various municipalities of Greater Melbourne, also the number of persons to the acre in these municipalities at the same date and the estimated population at the end of 1921:—

POPULATION, ETC., OF GREATER MELBOURNE AT CENSUS OF 1921, AND 31ST DECEMBER, 1921.

Sub-District.	Area in Acres.	Enumerated Population at the Census of 1921.	Persons to the Acre, 1921 (Census).	Estimated Population, 31st Dec., 1921.
Melbourne City	7,555	103,251	13·7	103,370
Fitzroy City	923	34,938	37·9	35,000
Collingwood City	1,139	34,239	30·1	34,310
Richmond City	1,430	43,171	30·2	43,350
Brunswick City	2,719	44,484	16·4	45,200
Northcote City	2,850	30,519	10·7	31,100
Prahran City	2,320	50,290	21·7	50,350
South Melbourne City	2,303	46,873	20·4	46,950
Port Melbourne City	2,366	13,089	5·5	13,120
St. Kilda City	2,049	38,579	18·8	39,200
Brighton City	3,308	21,235	6·4	21,700
Essendon City	4,000	35,269	8·8	35,950
Hawthorn City	2,400	29,165	12·2	29,300
Kew City	3,553	17,382	4·9	18,000
Footscray City	2,577	33,775	13·1	34,100
Williamstown City	2,775	19,442	7·0	19,650
Oakleigh Borough	2,658	6,076	2·3	6,150
Caulfield City	5,600	40,693	7·3	42,300
Malvern City	4,000	32,306	8·1	34,200
Camberwell City	8,320	23,835	2·9	24,700
Preston Town	8,800	9,670	1·1	10,120
Coburg City	4,800	18,114	3·8	19,150
Sandringham Town	3,740	11,316	3·0	11,600
Remainder of District	81,181	40,557	·5	41,520
Shipping in Hobson's Bay and River .. ..	..	4,711	..	4,710
Total, including Shipping	163,366	782,979	4·8*	795,100

* In making this calculation persons in ships were excluded from the total population.

NOTE.—Kew was proclaimed a city on 1st March, 1921, and Coburg on 29th March, 1922. Priston was proclaimed a borough on 14th March, 1922, and a town on 16th May, 1922.

Density of metropolitan population. Fitzroy is the most thickly populated municipality, with about 38 persons to the acre; Collingwood and Richmond have 30; Prahran, 22; South Melbourne, 20; St. Kilda City, 19; Brunswick, 16; and Melbourne City 14 persons. There are large areas devoted to parks, gardens, and other reserves in many of the municipalities, so that the population is really living closer together than the figures in the table indicate. Melbourne City contains 1,969 acres of such reserves; Kew, 643; South Melbourne, 497; Williams-

town, 446; Caulfield, 305; St. Kilda, 298; Richmond, 227; and Brighton, 193 acres. There are smaller areas in other districts, but they do not appreciably affect the question of density of population. The total area of all the reserves is 6,212½ acres; if these be excluded, the number of persons to the acre in the places named will be as follows:—Richmond, 36; South Melbourne, 26; St. Kilda, 22; Melbourne City, 18; Williamstown, 8; Caulfield, 8; Brighton, 7; and Kew, 6.

In the following return Victoria is shown in three divisions, the first being the Metropolitan (Greater Melbourne) District, or the area extending in all directions for a distance of 10 miles from the centre of the city; the second, the other urban districts, outside the limits of Greater Melbourne; and the third, the remaining portions of the State, which are termed "rural districts." The second division includes not only all existing cities, towns and boroughs, but also the larger towns in shires. The population of each of these divisions at the census of 1921, the ratio of its population to that of the whole State, and the number of persons to the square mile were as follows:—

URBAN AND RURAL POPULATION, 1921.

Divisions.	Estimated Area in Square Miles.	Enumerated Population, 4th April, 1921.		
		Total.	Proportion per cent.	Persons to the Sq. Mile.
Metropolitan	255	782,979	51·13	3,070
Other Urban	376	207,774	13·57	553
Total Urban	631	990,753	64·70	1,570
Rural	87,253	540,527	35·30	6·2
Total, Victoria ..	87,884	1,531,280	100·00	17·4

The urban is much greater than the rural population, and the population of the metropolis alone is slightly more than 51 per cent. of that of the whole State. The results of each census (except that of 1901), after the census of 1861, showed an increase in the proportion of the total population resident in the metropolitan area. The marked nature of this increase will be apparent from the following statement:—

PROPORTION OF POPULATION OF GREATER MELBOURNE TO THAT OF THE WHOLE OF VICTORIA.

Year.	Per cent.	Year.	Per cent.
1861 (Census)	25·9	1901 (Census)	41·3
1871 "	28·9	1911 "	45·1
1881 "	32·8	1921 "	51·1
1891 "	43·0		

The next return gives the population of the municipal districts in Greater Melbourne at the last three census dates. There was a slight falling-off in the cities of Melbourne and Port Melbourne between 1911 and 1921, but in all other districts there were increases during each decennial period. The most remarkable of these increases was in the City of Caulfield, where the population was enumerated at 9,541 in 1901 and 40,693 in 1921. Northcote, Malvern, and Camberwell also made great progress in the twenty-year period, their respective populations being trebled.

RETURN SHOWING THE POPULATION OF GREATER MELBOURNE IN 1901, 1911, AND 1921.

Municipal District.	Population at the Census of—		
	1901.	1911.	1921.
Cities—			
Melbourne	97,440	103,593	103,251
Fitzroy	31,687	34,283	34,938
Collingwood	32,749	34,190	34,239
Richmond	37,824	40,442	43,171
Brunswick	24,141	32,215	44,484
Northcote	9,677	17,519	30,519
Prahran	40,441	45,367	50,290
South Melbourne	40,619	46,190	46,873
Port Melbourne	12,176	13,515	13,089
St. Kilda	20,542	25,334	38,579
Brighton	10,047	12,083	21,235
Essendon	17,426	23,749	35,269
Hawthorn	21,430	24,450	29,165
Kew	9,469	11,152	17,382
Footscray	18,318	23,643	33,775
Williamstown	14,052	15,275	19,442
Caulfield	9,541	15,919	40,693
Malvern	10,619	15,969	32,306
Camberwell	8,602	12,551	23,835
Towns—			
Coburg	6,772	9,505	18,114
Sandringham	*	*	11,316
Borough—			
Oakleigh	1,273	2,151	6,076
Shires—			
Preston	4,059	5,049	9,670
Parts of Shires, forming remainder of District	15,445	24,873	40,557
Shipping in Hobson's Bay and River	1,730	4,220	4,711
Total	496,079	593,237	782,979

* Included with Moorabbin Shire in 1901 and 1911.

Population of chief extra-metropolitan towns.

Outside Melbourne and suburbs, the most important towns in Victoria are Ballarat, comprising two municipalities; Geelong, three; Bendigo, two; and Warrnambool, Castlemaine, Mildura, Hamilton, and Wonthaggi one each.

The populations of these, with their immediate suburbs, according to the censuses of 1911 and 1921, were as follows :—

POPULATION OF CHIEF TOWNS IN VICTORIA, 1911 AND 1921.

Name of Town.	1911 (Census).	1921 (Census).
Ballarat	42,403	38,500
Geelong	30,273	36,170
Bendigo	39,417	33,170
Warrnambool	7,010	7,739
Castlemaine	7,020	7,000
Wonthaggi	3,200	5,176
Mildura	4,608	5,100
Hamilton	4,900	5,098

The following is a list of the other towns in Victoria which contained a population of 3,000 persons or over in 1921 :—

Town.	Enumerated Population in 1921.	Town.	Enumerated Population in 1921.
Maryborough ..	4,747	Echuca	3,745
Ararat	4,657	Wangaratta ..	3,692
Stawell	4,411	Camperdown ..	3,650
Colac	4,150	Daylesford ..	3,330
Horsham	3,788	Bairnsdale ..	3,200
Sale	3,768		

The average annual rates at which the population has increased (1) in the whole State, (2) in Melbourne and Suburbs, and (3) in the remainder of the State are shown hereunder :—

AVERAGE ANNUAL RATE OF INCREASE OF POPULATION IN THE WHOLE STATE, IN MELBOURNE AND SUBURBS, AND IN REMAINDER OF STATE, 1851 TO 1921.

Period.	In Victoria.		In Melbourne and Suburbs.		In Remainder of State.	
	Rate of Natural Increase.	Rate of Total Increase.	Rate of Natural Increase.	Rate of Total Increase.	Rate of Natural Increase.	Rate of Total Increase.
	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
1851-60 ..	2·01	21·59	*	13·62	*	26·67
1861-70 ..	2·46	3·05	1·96†	3·91	2·63†	2·74
1871-80 ..	1·87	1·70	1·33	3·31	2·11	1·01
1881-90 ..	1·66	2·80	1·53	5·56	1·74	1·17
1891-1900 ..	1·47	·55	1·36	·25	1·55	·77
1901-10 ..	1·26	·89	1·05	1·74	1·42	·25
1911 ..	1·37	2·96	1·18	4·11	1·52	2·01
1912 ..	1·43	3·19	1·35	3·92	1·50	2·57
1913 ..	1·48	2·38	1·48	3·77	1·48	1·20
1914 ..	1·39	1·40	1·39	3·08	1·40	·07
1915 ..	1·34	·75	1·35	1·24	1·33	-2·54
1916 ..	1·25	-1·39	1·26	1·92	1·23	-4·48
1917 ..	1·32	·88	1·30	2·00	1·33	·23
1918 ..	1·16	1·42	1·13	2·05	1·19	·79
1919 ..	·85	4·54	·67	2·75	1·04	6·47
1920 ..	1·29	1·66	1·30	3·45	1·27	·13
1921 ..	1·27	1·49	1·26	2·35	1·28	·60

* Not available.

† Average 1862-1870.

It will be observed that the rate of natural increase (excess of births over deaths) has during all periods, except the years 1915, 1916, and 1920, been less in Melbourne than in other portions of the State, while the rate of total increase has usually been greater. It would appear from this that the metropolis has been gaining population at the expense of the country districts. The higher rate of natural increase in extra-metropolitan areas is due principally to the low death rates prevailing there, and this favorable mortality can only be partially accounted for by the migration from country to town of persons in indifferent health. The light mortality in country districts shows the advantage to be derived from a large increase in the population of these portions of the State.

The small natural increase both in Melbourne and the remainder of the State in 1919 is accounted for by a heavy death rate in that

year due to the existence of an epidemic of influenza. The rate of total increase in 1919 was large on account of the return to the State of soldiers, and the extra-Metropolitan districts benefited to a greater extent proportionally by their return than Melbourne and suburbs.

The following table shows the population of each Australian State and New Zealand at each census from 1861 to 1921 :—

POPULATION OF THE SIX STATES OF AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND, 1861-1921.

State.	1861.	1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1911.	1921.
Victoria	540,822	731,523	862,346	1,140,405	1,201,070	1,315,551	1,531,280
New South Wales ..	350,860	503,981	751,468	1,132,234	1,354,846	1,648,448	2,102,335*
Queensland	30,059	117,960	213,525	393,718	498,129	605,813	757,634
South Australia ..	126,830	185,626	279,865	320,431	363,157	411,868	499,206†
Western Australia ..	15,100	25,270	29,708	49,782	184,124	282,114	332,213
Tasmania	89,977	101,020	115,705	146,667	172,475	191,211	213,877
Australia	1,153,148	1,665,385	2,252,617	3,183,237	3,773,801	4,455,005	5,436,545
New Zealand	84,536	257,810	489,933	626,658	772,719	1,008,407	1,218,270

* Including Federal Territory, 2,572. † Including Northern Territory, 3,870.

In the next table is shown the estimated population of each Australian State (excluding aborigines) at the end of 1921, also the increase of population since the census of 1921, and the number of persons to the square mile.

POPULATION OF EACH AUSTRALIAN STATE AND NEW ZEALAND, AT 31st DECEMBER, 1921.

State.	Estimated Population at 31st December, 1921.			Increase since Census of 1921 (4th April).	Persons to the Square Mile.
	Males.	Females.	Total.		
Victoria	764,810	786,142	1,550,952	19,672	17·6
New South Wales ..	1,083,926	1,043,345	2,127,271	27,508	6·9
Queensland	405,593	364,423	770,016	12,382	1·1
South Australia ..	252,170	250,433	502,603	7,267	1·3
Western Australia ..	178,222	156,951	335,173	2,960	0·3
Tasmania	110,050	108,363	218,413	4,536	8·3
Territories—					
Northern	2,718	1,019	3,737	— 133	0·01
Federal	1,128	936	2,064	— 508	2·2
Australia	2,798,617	2,711,612	5,510,229	73,684	1·9
New Zealand	633,025	606,923	1,239,948	21,678	12·0

Australian States—
Increase of
population,
1851 to 1921.

The subjoined table contains particulars of the movement of population by immigration and emigration, and of the natural increase by excess of births over deaths in each of the Australian States since 1851 :—

TABLE SHOWING INCREASE OF POPULATION IN
AUSTRALIAN STATES, 1851 TO 1921.

Period.	Increase by Excess of Immigration over Emigration.						
	Victoria.	New South Wales.	Queensland.	South Australia.	Western Australia.	Tasmania	Australia
1851-61 (Census period)	400,045	126,314		35,750	6,510	7,709	576,328
1861-71 "	41,789	48,247	68,581	17,060	6,386	- 5,183	176,880
1871-81 "	- 15,322	107,536	58,904	45,032	- 135	- 770	195,245
1881-91 "	116,950	171,061	114,835	- 28,275	12,973	5,993	393,537
1891-01 "	- 111,848	- 4,064	16,693	- 15,568	118,441	- 2,179	1,475
1901-11 "	- 42,340	45,564	19,708	- 5,406	53,723	- 14,592	56,657
1911-21 "	35,097	134,926	30,800	16,146	- 1,748	- 13,782	201,439
Total ..	424,371	629,584	309,521	64,739	196,150	- 22,804	1,601,561
Natural Increase (i.e., Excess of Births over Deaths).							
1851-61 (Census period)	62,932	63,506		27,380	2,704	12,138	168,660
1861-71 "	149,417	104,874	19,320	41,736	3,784	16,226	335,357
1871-81 "	146,140	139,951	36,661	49,207	4,573	15,455	391,987
1881-91 "	161,109	209,705	65,358	68,841	7,101	24,969	537,083
1891-01 "	172,513	226,676	87,718	58,294	15,901	27,987	589,089
1901-11 "	156,821	248,038	87,976	54,117	44,267	33,328	624,547
1911-21 "	180,632	318,961	121,021	71,192	51,847	36,448	780,101
Total ..	1,029,564	1,311,711	418,054	370,767	130,177	166,551	3,426,824
Total Increase.							
1851-61 (Census period)	462,977	189,820		63,130	9,214	19,847	744,988
1861-71 "	191,206	153,121	87,901	58,796	10,170	11,043	512,237
1871-81 "	130,818	247,487	95,565	94,239	4,438	14,685	587,232
1881-91 "	278,059	380,766	180,193	40,566	20,074	30,962	930,620
1891-01 "	60,665	222,612	104,411	42,726	134,342	25,808	590,564
1901-11 "	114,481	293,602	107,684	48,711	97,990	18,736	681,204
1911-21 "	215,729	453,887	151,821	87,338	50,099	22,666	981,540
Total ..	1,453,935	1,941,295	727,575	435,506	326,327	143,747	5,028,385

Some very interesting results are disclosed by this table. During the ten years 1911-21 Australia gained 201,439 persons by immigration

—there being increases from this source in New South Wales, Victoria, Queensland, and South Australia, and decreases through excess of emigration over immigration in the other States, Tasmania losing 13,782 persons. Over the whole period of 70 years the excess of births over deaths contributed 68 per cent. to the total increase of population, excess of immigration over emigration being responsible for the remaining 32 per cent. Tasmania is the only State which has suffered a loss of population by migration over the whole period since 1851, the departures since that date having exceeded the arrivals by 22,804 persons.

The enumerated populations of Australasian capital cities during the past 50 years are shown in the following table. Melbourne during that time has made great progress, the most noticeable advance having been in the decennial period, 1881-91, when the increase of population was 73 per cent. Between 1891 and 1901 the population remained almost stationary, but in the intercensal period 1901 to 1911 there was an increase of 97,158 and in the period 1911 to 1921 an increase of 189,742 persons. Sydney, which since 1902 has been the most populous city in Australasia, had 926,400 inhabitants in 1921. These two cities contain about 31 per cent. of the population of the Commonwealth.

POPULATION OF AUSTRALASIAN CAPITAL CITIES, 1871 TO 1921.

Capital City (with Suburbs).	Enumerated Population at the Census of—						Estimated Population, 31st Dec., 1921.	Persons to the Acre, 1921.
	1871.	1881.	1891.	1901.	1911.	1921.		
Melbourne	206,780	282,947	490,896	496,079	593,237	782,979	795,100	4·87
Sydney ..	137,776	224,939	383,283	481,830	636,355	897,640	926,400	7·83
Brisbane ..	15,029	31,109	101,554	119,428	140,977	209,699	217,714	1·11
Adelaide ..	42,744	103,864	133,252	162,094	191,312	255,318	260,542	1·53
Perth ..	*	*	*	66,832	109,375	155,129	154,866	1·80
Hobart ..	26,004	27,248	33,450	34,604	40,335	52,385	54,195	1·16
Wellington	7,908	20,563	34,190	49,344	70,729	107,491	109,730	3·38

* Not available.

It will be noticed that the population of Sydney is more concentrated than that of any other metropolitan city, the population of Melbourne being spread over about one and a half times the corresponding area. In Adelaide and Perth there is less than two persons, and in Brisbane and Hobart about one person, to the acre.

Density of
population in
capital cities.

A list of cities in the British Empire which had a population exceeding 300,000 was given in the *Year-Book* for 1920-21, page 335.

In the subjoined table is given the population of Victoria at each of the last seven census enumerations, Chinese and Aborigines being distinguished.

POPULATION OF VICTORIA, DISTINGUISHING CHINESE AND ABORIGINES, AT SEVEN CENSUS PERIODS.

Year of Census.	Total Population—including Chinese and Aborigines.			Chinese.			Aborigines.		
	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
1861	540,322	328,651	211,671	24,732	24,724	8	1,694	1,046	648
1871	731,528	401,050	330,478	17,935	17,899	36	1,330	784	546
1881	862,346	452,083	410,263	12,128	11,869	259	780	460	320
1891	1,140,405	598,414	541,991	9,377	8,772	605	565	325	240
1901	1,201,341	603,883	597,458	7,349	6,740	609	652	367	285
1911	1,315,551	655,591	659,960	5,601	4,956	645	643	340	303
1921	1,531,280	754,724	776,556	4,083	3,329	754	573	265	308

During each of the five years ended 1921 (except 1918) the number of Chinese who left Victoria was greater than the number who entered the State. The net decrease in the Chinese population in the last five years by excess of emigration over immigration was 545. The figures for each year are as follows:—

CHINESE IMMIGRATION AND EMIGRATION, 1917 TO 1921.

Year.	Immigrants.	Emigrants.	Excess of— Arrivals (+), Departures (-).
1917	457	475	- 18
1918	350	270	+ 80
1919	187	408	- 221
1920	300	410	- 110
1921	315	591	- 276
Total	1,609	2,154	- 545

At the first colonization of Victoria the Aborigines were officially estimated to number about 5,000, but according to other and apparently more reliable estimates they numbered at that time not less than 15,000. When the colony was separated from New South Wales the number was officially stated to be 2,693. At the 1921 census there were enumerated 573 Aborigines, consisting of 144 of pure blood and 429 half-castes. Between the censuses of 1911 and 1921 there was a decrease of 70, the reduction in

Decrease of Aborigines.

the pure race being 51 and in the half-castes, 19. These figures indicate that the race is gradually but surely dying out. From the records of the Aborigines Board it would appear that most of the natives are under the care of that body, the numbers in the different stations being as under :—

NUMBER OF ABORIGINES UNDER CARE AT STATIONS IN VICTORIA, 1920-21.

Station.	Aborigines.	Three-quarter and Half-castes.	Total.
Coranderrk	10	42	52
Lake Condah	3	16	19
Lake Tyers	54	100	154
Framlingham	1	65	66
Antwerp	2	3	5
Swan Hill	4	1	5
Other Depôts.. .. .	9	14	23
In Institutions	3	..	3
In Service	2	2	4
Total	88	243	*331

* Including all who received intermittent rations during the year.

In addition to the above there are 60 half-castes at Antwerp and Cove Dam whom it is proposed to transfer to Lake Tyers under a concentration scheme.

Of the Aborigines not enumerated in the table, some are residing elsewhere than at the stations, but receive supplies of food and clothing when they call; while others prefer to lead a wandering life, and but rarely come under the notice of the Board.

During the year 1920-21, 11 deaths occurred—6 at Lake Tyers, 3 at Coranderrk, and 2 at Framlingham. There were 6 births—2 at Lake Tyers, 1 at Framlingham, and 3 at Coranderrk. Two marriages were celebrated—1 at Lake Tyers, and 1 at Framlingham. All the births recorded were those of half-castes, while, of the deaths, 6 were those of full-blooded Aborigines, and 5 of half-castes.

The amount expended on the maintenance of Aborigines during the year was £5,690. The following statement shows the net cost of Aborigines in Victoria (including cost of administration) from 1851 to 1921 :—

Amount expended	£413,102
Revenue from stations paid into the Consolidated Revenue ..	14,648*
Net cost	£398,454

* This includes a sum of £1,496 paid into a Trust Fund in the Treasury.

Immigration and emigration of coloured persons, 1901 to 1921. With a view to restricting the immigration of Asiatics and other coloured persons the Commonwealth Parliament passed the Immigration Restriction Act in 1901, which provides that any person, who, when asked to do so by a public officer, fails to write out from dictation and sign in the presence of the officer a passage of fifty words in any prescribed language, is prohibited from landing in Australia. Certificates of exemption are granted in certain cases, and members of the military and naval forces, as well as the master and crew of any public vessel of any government, are excepted. The Act appears to have achieved its purpose, judging by the small number of coloured persons who have been admitted to the Commonwealth since it commenced to operate. The following are the numbers of coloured persons, other than Chinese, who have entered or left Victoria since 1st April, 1901 :—

IMMIGRATION AND EMIGRATION OF COLOURED PERSONS
(OTHER THAN CHINESE) FROM 1ST APRIL, 1901, TO 31ST
DECEMBER, 1921.

Year.	Immigrants.	Emigrants.	Excess of— Arrivals (+) Departures (-).
From 1st April, 1901, to 31st Dec., 1905	1,118	1,311	- 193
1906-10	382	495	- 113
1911-15	491	406	+ 85
1916	80	92	- 12
1917	67	208	- 141
1918	52	46	+ 6
1919	46	151	- 105
1920	59	86	- 27
1921	70	64	+ 6
Total	2,365	2,859	- 494

Coloured persons in Victoria, 1921. The number of coloured persons in Victoria was ascertained at the census of 1921. Chinese were found to number 4,083, and other coloured persons 1,896—a total of

5,979, as compared with 7,631 at the previous census in 1911. The figures for the different races are given below :—

NUMBER OF PERSONS OF COLOURED RACES (EXCLUSIVE OF FULL-BLOOD ABORIGINES) IN VICTORIA AT THE CENSUS OF 1921.

Race.	Males.		Females.		Total.	
	Full-blood.	Half-caste.	Full-blood.	Half-caste.	Full-blood.	Half-caste.
Asiatic—						
Chinese	2,858	471	251	503	3,109	974
Hindus	360	60	16	49	376	109
Japanese.. .. .	36	10	12	10	48	20
Syrians	282	19	237	29	519	48
Cingalese.. .. .	14	10	2	4	16	14
Other	49	75	29	33	78	108
African—						
Negroes	11	23	..	11	11	34
Other	2	3	1	1	3	4
American—						
American Indians	1	1	..	3	1	4
Other	8	8	2	8	10	16
Polynesians—						
Maoris	2	2	1	2	3	4
Other	7	2	1	1	8	3
Australian Aborigines (H.C.) .. .. .	..	185	..	244	..	429
Indefinite	23	..	7	..	30	..
Total	3,653	869	559	898	4,212	1,767

Under the "Commonwealth Naturalization Act No. 11 Naturalization. of 1903," the right to issue certificates of naturalization was taken from the States, and vested in the Commonwealth. This Act came into force on 1st January, 1904. An epitome of its principal provisions is given in the *Year-Book* for 1920-21, page 340.

The number of persons naturalized in Victoria in the year 1921 was 309 ; in the fifty-one years, 1871 to 1921 inclusive, it was 15,255.
